### **Guidelines**

## **Backward Area Sub-Plan**

Himachal Pradesh remained concerned about the need to remove the micro level regional disparities/ imbalances in terms of creation of infrastructural facilities in Backward Areas. With this view, identification of certain areas as backward was taken up during the Fourth Five Year Plan and efforts were made to identify certain areas being remote and inaccessible which remained neglected due to their inaccessibility and other difficult geographical and harsh climatic conditions prevalent in these areas. The basic criteria decided for this purpose was remoteness, inaccessibility, coupled with visual perception of the level of socio- economic development and infrastructural backwardness. This process gave birth to the formulation of the Backward Area Sub Plan which was designed to mitigate the micro-regional disparities in development and to look after the developmental needs at the micro level for these identified areas.

Finally on the recommendations of the Deputy Commissioners, some areaswere identified as backward in the nine districts of Himachal Pradesh. Therefore, the original efforts was initiated during the Fourth Plan and was consolidated in the beginning of the Fifth Plan vide notification No. 1-21/71-Plan-Vol-VI dated 24<sup>th</sup> June, 1974. But this contained all the scheduled areas of Kinnaur, LahaulSpiti and Pangi and Bharmour of Chamba District which were already covered under the concept of Tribal Sub Plan. Another exercise was carried out during the late seventies which was based on a objective criteria rather than the visual perception concept. This was followed by setting-up a committee under the Chairmanship of Chief Secretary, HP Government to go into the following issues.

- 1. To examine the existing set of norms for identification and declaration of backward areas and recommend suitable changes in the structure and weightage of the indicators/norms;
- 2. To examine the existing scheme of earmarking plan allocations for development of backward areas and recommend suitable changes in deciding the level of earmarking and sectoral coverage;
- 3. To suggest appropriate budgetary mechanism to ensure investment of marked provisions in the designated backward areas;
- 4. To examine the question of unit of declaration;
- 5. To suggest an appropriate monitoring and review mechanism to ensure effective implementation of development plans in the designated areas.

Finally the State Government issued notification declaring 321 Panchayats as backward vide notification No. PLG FC(F)3-55/82 dated 10-1-1986. After this identification having been crystallized, exclusive earmarking in the budget under separate sub-heads in various demands was introduced, which continue up to 1994-95.

The objective criteria for the identification of backward areas in HimachalPradesh for declaring any area as backward is as under:-

Sr. No.	Criteria	Weightage
1	2	3
1	Remoteness and Inaccessibility :	
(a)	The geographical centre of the area under consideration should be at least 15 Km. away from the main motor able road.	25
2.	Demographic Indicators :	
(a)	The percentage of Scheduled Caste/ Scheduled Tribe population in the area under consideration should be 25 percent or more.	15
(b)	Average density of population per Sq. Km. should be 25 or less	5
(c)	Ninety percent of the total workers population in the area under consideration should be workers engaged in the primary occupation like Agriculture and Animal Husbandry, etc.	5
(d)	The percentage of school going children in 6-14 years agegroup in the area under consideration should not exceed 20 percent.	10
3.	Infrastructural Indicators :	
(a)	The percentage of scarcity villages with reference to drinking water should be 60 percent or more.	10
(b)	The percentage of electrified villages to total should be 25 percent or less.	8
c)	The number of health institution in the area should not exceed	8
(d)	The area under consideration should not be served by a bank branch as per RBI norms.	5
(e)	There should be no veterinary institution in the area	5

4.	Agricultural Indicators:	
(a)	The average holding size in the area under consideration should be one hectare or below.	3
(b)	The percentage of cropped area under major cereals (Wheat, Maize and Rice) orremunerative cash crops like potato, apple,tea, etc. to the gross cropped area should not exceed 50 percent.	1
	Total	100

With the help of these indicators, the identification process proceeds as under:

- (i) The scoring of indicators is done on an absolute basis and the qualifying score for declaring an area as backward has been kept at 60 percent;
- (ii) The unit for declaration of an area as backward would be as compact as possible for administrative purposes and the smallest unit to be considered for this purpose is the Panchayat circle.
- (iii) The system of earmarking 10 percent of the outlays was applicable in Agriculture, Horticulture, Minor Irrigation, Education, Health, Water Supply, Animal Husbandry, Food and Supplies (construction of minor godowns) upto the end of 1994-95 and was later raised to 15 percent.

During the year 1995-96, Government of Himachal Pradesh framed comprehensive policy for backward areas; the Salient features of which are as follows:-

#### Implementation Mechanism of Backward Area Sub-Plan:

1. Backward Area Sub Plan is operational in ten districts of the State (except tribal areas). Tribal areas are being taken care of under separate Tribal Sub-Plan (TSP).

The Backward Area Sub Plan comprises of three categories viz:-

(a) Backward Blocks: All Blocks having 50% or more panchayats notified as

backward are declared as "Backward Blocks".

(b) Contiguous Pockets: Group of five or more than five Backward Panchayats

forming a contiguous geographical area are called

"Contiguous Pockets".

(c) Dispersed Panchayats: The panchayats other than those mentioned in (a) and (b) above, are called "Dispersed Panchayats"

- 2. Earmarking of the sectoral outlays is done for the following sectors/heads of development under Demand No. 15:-
  - 1. Agriculture.
  - 2. Soil Conservation (Agriculture).
  - 3. Horticulture.
  - 4. Minor Irrigation.
  - 5. Animal Husbandry.
  - 6. Social Forestry.
  - 7. Village and Small Scale Industries.
  - 8. Rural Roads & Bridges.
  - 9. Elementary Education.
  - 10. General Education other than University Education.
  - 11. Rural Health (Allopathy)
  - 12. Ayurveda.
  - 13 Rural Water Supply.
  - 3. Sectors covered under the beneficiaries oriented planning include Agriculture, Horticulture, Animal Husbandry, Village and Small Industries and incentive schemes under the Education sector.
  - 4. For grouping contiguous Panchayats as backward areas, a group of at least five backward Panchayats constitute one pocket
  - 5. The outlays earmarked for the Backward Area Sub Plan under various functional major heads, are budgeted Sector-wise under Demand No. 15 in accordance with the sectoralearmarkings.
  - 6. Deputy Commissioners have been declared as controlling officers for the allocation of funds under this Sub-Plan. All the District Planning Officers have been declared DDOs for all the Capital heads under Sub Plan and DDOs of the concerned departments in the districts operate revenue heads only under the Sub Plan. District Planning Officer helps the Deputy Commissioner in implementation of the various aspects of the Sub Plan and District Planning Officer is responsible for physical and financial monitoring of all schemes under the Sub Plan
  - 7. The District Planning, Development and 20 Point Programme Review Committee (DPDCs) have been authorized for formulation, implementation, monitoring and review of the Sub Plan.
    - The meetings of District Planning Development and 20- Point Programme Review Committee (DPDCs) should be held regularly on quarterly basis. If due to any reasons, any work sanctioned prior to approval of DPDCs, than post facto approval of DPDCs may be obtained, in same financial year.
  - 8. The District Planning, Development and 20 Point Programme Review Committee (DPDCs) have also been authorized to make departmental / inter- Sectoral diversion of approved Budget from one sector to another Sector/ Scheme, keeping in view the specific needs of the area for undertaking infrastructural development.

- Therefore, complete and absolute freedom has been given to the DPDCs which can direct the concerned department(s) and get such scheme(s) executed through the locally available infrastructure.
- 9. Generally the implementing agencies are the concerned line departments. However, in exceptional circumstances the District Level Planning, Development and Twenty Point Programme Review Committee may decide to assign implementation to other agencies, depending upon the exigency of a particular situation.
- 10. To facilitate the quick execution of the schemes, concerned Deputy Commissioners of the districts have been authorized to accord administrative approval and expenditure sanction for all the schemes which hither to rested with the concerned Administrative Secretaries / Heads of Developments. Thus, absolute, decentralization of powers has been made through this concept.
- Backward Area Sub Plan is operational in ten districts of the State except tribal districts, which are being taken care of under separate Tribal Sub Plan (TSP). Hence, Backward Area Sub Plan is restricted to the non-tribal areas of ten districts of the State.
- 12. It was also decided that the salary component of the staff posted only in the notified backward areas in respect of Primary Education, Higher Education, Health, Ayurveda and Animal Husbandry departments will be charged to BASP funds. However, the salary expenditure in respect of "Training and Extension Staff" of Agriculture and Horticulture departments will be met out of the funds provided under BASP subject to the condition that staff notified backward Panchayats. From 1998-99 Soil engaged is only for Conservation (Agriculture) Head had also been included in the 15 % earmarked scheme of the BASP. But as per the decision of the State Government, the committed liabilities of Salary, etc. of all the departments, except Health and Ayurveda, have been shifted to the non- plan side of the concerned department from the financial year 2003-04.
- 13. Further, it has been decided by the State Government that from the year 2008-09, the salary liability of the staff under BASP in respect of all the concerned departments including Health and Ayurveda will be shifted to Non-Plan, Thus, the funds earmarked under this Sub-Plan will only be utilized for capital work/ developmental activities.
- 14. To regulate and avoid any abnormal fluctuations in the expenditure under BASP, the State Government has issued instructions during 2001 to spend the budget in the following controlled manner:-

1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	25%
2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	40%
3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	25%
4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter	10%

- 15. The quarterly budget authorization under BASP to the districts is also made on the above mentioned criteria.
- 16. A total number of 564 Gram Panchayats out of 3226 Panchayats in the State have been declared as Backward Panchayats in Himachal Pradesh. District-wise break-up of these backward Panchayats is as under:

### District wise breakup of Backward Panchayats:-

Sr. No.	Name o District	of Total No. of Panchayats in H.P.	Total No. of Panchayats Declared as Backward
1.	2.	3.	4.
1.	Bilaspur	151	15
2.	Chamba	283	159
3.	Hamirpur	229	13
4.	Kangra	748	17
5.	Kullu	204	79
6.	Mandi	469	161
7.	Shimla	363	88
8.	Sirmour	228	26
9.	Solan	211	3
10.	Una	234	3
11.	Kinnaur	65	-
12.	Lahaul&Spiti	41	-
	Total	3226	564

17. Vide Notification No. PLG –F (BASP) 1-1/95 dated 16<sup>th</sup> June, 1995 and Yojna (BASP) 107/95 Mandi dated 19<sup>th</sup> July, 2004 and Yojna (BASP) 1-7/95-II-Mandi dated 20<sup>th</sup> December,2006 above mentioned number of Panchayats have been notified as backward Panchayats and restructured into: (a)Backward Blocks (B) Contiguous and (C) Dispersed Panchayats in accordance with the new policy laid down by the Government. Four PanchayatsvizBanasar, Pratha, Naraini and Mangal of Dharmpur and KuniharBloack of District Solan have been de-notified vide Notification No. PLG (BASP) 2012-13 (Misc) dated 30<sup>th</sup>March, 2013

Note:-Recently, Balichowki&Kupvi block have been declared as fully backward blocks increasing the number of backward blocks from 8 to 10 and total increase in backs penchayats from 547 to 564.

# 18. District wise, Block wise and Category wise detail of notified/ declared Backward Panchayats of H. P. are as under:

Name of District	Name of DevelopmentBlock	Name of Notified BackwardPanchayats	Category
1.Bilaspur(15)	1.Jhandutta (15)	1.Dhani	СР
-		2.Salwar	СР
		3.Paploa	СР
		4.Jejwin	CP
		5.Kalol	CP
		6.Malraon	СР
		7.Saneehra	СР
		8.Kuljiyar	CP
		9.Gharan	СР
		10.Daslehra (Gochar)	СР
		11.Badgaon	СР
		12.Kosarian	СР
		13.Hudian	СР
		14.Bhadoli- Kalan	СР
		15.Karloti	СР
2.Chamba(159)	1.Mehla (42)	1.Radi	BB
,	(BB)	2.Preena	BB
		3.Kilod	BB
		4.Baloth	BB
		5.Khundel	BB
		6. Kidi	BB
		7.Sarahan	BB
		8.Guwar	BB
		9.Kuned	BB
		10. Kunr	BB
		11.Chataradi	BB
		12. Piura	BB
		13.Lech	BB
		14.Ghera	BB
		15.Brehi	BB
		16.Sunara	BB
		17.Lothal	BB
		18.Bakan	BB
		19.Dadvin	BB
		20.Gurad	BB
		21.Dulada	BB
		22.Janghi	BB
		23.Gagla	BB

•	24.Rajera	BB
	25.Baili	BB
	26.Kariyan	BB
	27.Luddu	BB
	28.Uteep	BB
	29.Baat	BB
	30.Mangla	BB
	31.Bakatpur	BB
	32.Mehla	BB
	33.Bandla	BB
	34.Bhradiyankothi	BB
	35.Jatkari	BB
	36.Kuphada	BB
	37.Badodhan	BB
	38.Rathiyar	BB
	39.Kolka	BB
	40.Athluien	BB
	41.Kuthed	BB
	42.Chadi	BB
2.Tissa (45)	1. Sanwal	BB
(BB)	2.ShalellaBadi	BB
	3.Dehgran	BB
	4.Jhajjakothi	BB
	5.Thaneikothi	BB
	6.Kuthd- Bhadoda	BB
	7.Hartwas	BB
	8.Sei-kothi	BB
	9.Mangli	BB
	10.Boundari	BB
	11.Guila	BB
	12.Satyas	BB
	13.Bairagarh	BB
	14.Ghulei	BB
	15.Devi Kothi	BB
	16.Guwari	BB
	17.Kushnagari	BB
	18.Bhanjradu	BB
	19.Tissa-1	BB
	20.Tissa-2	BB
	21.Padhar	BB
	22.Jungra	BB
	23.Thalli	BB
	24.Gadfarie	BB
	25.Leswin	BB
	26.Bharara	BB
	20.Dilaiaia	עען

	1	
	27.Tikkri-Garh	BB
	28.Charda	BB
	29.Chanju	BB
	30.Dehra	BB
	31.Diyola	BB
	32.Jassourgarh	BB
	33.Charodi	BB
	34.Kalhel	BB
	35.Choli	BB
	36.Kohal	BB
	37.Tepa	BB
	38.Khajua	BB
	39.Bagheigarh	BB
	40. Junwas	BB
	41.Kareri	BB
	42.Sapoth	BB
	43.Aial	BB
	44Banantar	BB
	45.Cheeh	BB
3.Salooni (43)	1.Panjei	BB
(BB)	2.Himgiri	BB
	3.Khadjota	BB
	4.Bhadela	BB
	5.Lanot	BB
	6.Kandwara	BB
	7.PichlaDiur	BB
	8.Diur	BB
	9.Dand	BB
	10.Suri	BB
	11.Kihar	BB
	12.Kilod	BB
	13.Sanooh	BB
	14.Bhandal	BB
	15.Salooni	BB
	16.Singadhar	BB
	17.Biyana	BB
	18.Manjeer	BB
	19.Dighei	BB
	20.Kharal	BB
	21. Khraauthi	BB
	22.Sundla	BB
	23.Pukhari	BB
	24.Siula	BB
	25.Ligga	BB
	26.Manjhali	BB

	27.ThakriMatti	BB
	28.Drekari	BB
	29.Seri	BB
	30.Salwan	BB
	31.Mouda	BB
	32.Badka	BB
	33.Bhajhotra	BB
	34.Karwla	BB
	35.Gawalu	BB
	36.Naddal	BB
	37.Bhunad	BB
	38.Ohra	BB
	39.Simni	BB
	40.Wangal	BB
	41.Kanged	BB
	42.Bhalei	BB
	43.Brangal	BB
4.Bhatyat (17)	1.Taragrah	DP
	2.Kuddi	DP
	3.Khari	DP
	4.Maloonda	DP
	5.Pareeara	DP
	6.Jandrog	DP
	7.Tikri	DP
	8.Benina	DP
	9.Dharun	DP
	10.Morthu	DP
	11.Jalna	DP
	12kathola	DP
	13. Gola	DP
	14.Surpara	DP
	15.Padrotu	DP
	16.Mornu	DP
<u> </u>	17.Balera	DP
5.Chamba (12)	1.Rajindu	DP
S.Chamba (12)	2.Paluir	DP
	3.Shilla-Gharat	DP
		DP
	4.Singni	DP
	5.Kalare	
	6.Paluer	DP
	7.Chil Bangla	DP
	8.Chamdoli	DP
	9.Sirh	DP
	10.Jhullara	DP
	11.Kuthed	DP

		12.Kaila	DP
3.Hamirpur(13)	1.Sujanpur (1)	1.Ranger	DP
3.11amm pur (13)	2. Tonidevi(3)	1.Jandroo	DP
	2. Tomaevi(3)	2.Khanoli	DP
		3.Bherda	DP
	3.Bhoranj (3)	1.Mehal	DP
	3.Buoranj (3)	2.Bhukkar	DP
		3.Amroh	DP
	4 Diihari (5)		DP
	4.Bijhari (5)	1.Railly	DP
		2.Jajri 3.Sathwin	
			DP
		4.Tipper	DP
		5.Samtana	DP
4 77 (4 =>	5.Nadaun (1)	1.Kashmir	DP
4. Kangra(17)	1.Baijnath (8)	1.Multhan	DP
		2.KothiKohar	DP
		3.Lubai	DP
		4.Sawad	DP
		5.Poling	DP
		6.Bara Gran	DP
		7.Bara Bhangal	DP
		8.Dharman	DP
	2.Nurpur (2)	1.Milkh	DP
		2.Hattidhar	DP
	3. NagrotaSurian (1)	1.Nana	DP
	4.Dehra (1)	1.Pihri	DP
	5.Lambagaon (3)	1.Laharu	DP
		2.Kuhan	DP
		3.Dhandole	DP
	6.NagrotaBagwan(1)	1.Jalot	DP
	7.Sullah (1)	1.Kahanpat	DP
5. Kullu(79)	1.Kullu (11)	1.Barshani	DP
		2.Dunkhrighar	DP
		3.Pini	DP
		4.Mangarh	DP
		5.Bharain	DP
		6.Mashna	DP
		7.Bandrol	DP
		8.Phalan	DP
		9.Talpini	DP
		10. Zia	DP
		11.Danogi	DP
	2.Nagar (1)	1.Malana	DP
	3.Banjar (9)	1.Tung	DP
		2.Thatibir	DP
		3.Gadaparli	DP

	4.Nohanda	DP
		DP
	5.Gopalpur	DP
	6.Shangarh 7.Shanshar	DP
		DP
	8.Mashyar	
4.4.*(22)	9.Deoridhar	DP
4.Ani(32)	1.Karshaigad	BB
(BB)	2.Lagouti	BB
	3.Takrasi	BB
	4.Bishladhar	BB
	5.Muhan	BB
	6.Karad	BB
	7.Ropa	BB
	8.Kungash	BB
	9.Karana	BB
	10.Lajheri	BB
	11.Khanag	BB
	12.Khani	BB
	13.Kamand	BB
	14.Kohila	BB
	15.Buchheher	BB
	16.Bakhnaon	BB
	17.Chowai	BB
	18.Deothi	BB
	19.Jaban	BB
	20.Namhog	BB
	21.Taluna	BB
	22.Behna	BB
	23.Dingidhar	BB
	24.Dalash	BB
	25.Beungal	BB
	26.Palehi	BB
	27.Kuther	BB
	28.Anni	BB
	29.Fanoti	BB
	30.Pokhari	BB
	31.Munddal	BB
	32.Sheeli	BB
5.Nirmand (26)	1.Chayal	BB
(BB)	2.Sarahan	BB
(DD)	3.Nore	BB
	4.Deem	BB
	5.Kot	BB
	6.Rahnu	BB
	7.Ghatu	BB
	8.Gamog	BB

		9.Gadej	BB
		10.Shilli	BB
		11.Lot	BB
		12.Durah	BB
		13.Neether	BB
		14.Dehra	BB
		15.Nishani	BB
		16.Arsu	BB
		17.Sarga	BB
		18.Kushwa	BB
		19.Tunan	BB
		20.Kharga	BB
		21.Bari	BB
		22.Poshna	BB
		23.Nirmand	BB
		24.Bahwa	BB
		25.Bhalsi	BB
		26. Tawar	BB
6.Mandi (161)	1. Balh (2)	1.Chamyar	DP
, , ,		2.Sali	DP
	2.Chauntra (10)	1.Daled	CP
		2.Ropari-Kalehru	CP
		3.Kathon	CP
		4.Khaddar	CP
		5.Kolang	CP
		6.Tulah	CP
		7.Upridhar	CP
		8.Utpur	CP
		9.Khuddi	CP
		10. Tryembli	CP
	3.Darang (40)	1.Balh	BB
		2.Baridhar	BB
		3.Barot	BB
		4.Bhararu	BB
		5.Batheri	BB
		6.Bata-ri- Bihoon	BB
		7.Chalarag	BB
		8.Chukku	BB
		9.Dhamchayan	BB
		10.Dlah	BB
		11.DaratBagla	BB
		12.GaroruNichla	BB
		13.Gumma	BB
		14.Hargunain	BB
		15.Jilhan	BB
		16.Jimjima	BB

T.	16.77.4	DD
	17.Kathog	BB
	18.Kufri	BB
	19.Kunnu	BB
	20.Latran	BB
	21.Lapas	BB
	22.Masouli	BB
	23.Nauhali	BB
	24.NerGharwsra	BB
	25.Pali	BB
	26.Ropa	BB
	27.Silhbadwani	BB
	28.Sudhar	BB
	29.Tikkar	BB
	30.Urla	BB
	31.Vardhan	BB
	32.RopaPadhar	BB
	33.Tarswan	BB
	34.Kas	BB
	35.Sanwad	BB
	36. Siyun	BB
	37.Kadhar	BB
	38.Bhadwahan	BB
	39.Shilag	BB
	40 Gawali	BB
4. Dharmpur (17)	1.Brang	DP
(2.)	2.Dhalara	CP
	3.Kamlah	CP
	4.Kun	CP
	5.Kothuan	CP
	6 Jogikhola (Pehad)	DP
	7.Saklana	CP
	8.Samour	CP
	9.Seoh	CP
	10. Gaddidhar (Tanyar)	CP
	11.Torkhola	CP
	12.Garoru	CP
	13.Beri Upper	CP
	14.Bhur	CP
	15.Bhadehar	CP
	16. Chountra	DP
	17. Khanod	CP
5 Varsag (11)	1.Gowalpur	DP
5. Karsog (11)	2.Jaral	CP
		CP
	3.Kahnoo	
	4.Kanda	CP
	5.Mehandi	DP

	6. Mashog	СР
	7.Presi	CP
	8.Shoat	DP
	9.Barorohanda	
		CP
	10.Marhara	CP
( ( ) ( ( ) ( )	11.Belar (Dhar)	CP
6.Sadar (9)	1.Daveri	СР
	2.Dhar	DP
	3.Gharan	CP
	4.Nagdhar	CP
	5.Navlai	СР
	6.Segali	СР
	7.Shiva	CP
	8.Tihri	CP
	9.Mehani	CP
7.Sunder Nagar(13)	1.Bandli	СР
	2.Batwara	СР
	3. BehliDramat	CP
	4.Balog	CP
	5.Boi	CP
	6.Dhaniara	СР
	7.Dhawal	СР
	8.Samon	DP
	9.Paura-kothi	CP
	10.Sojha	CP
	11.Seri-Koti	СР
	12.Tihari	DP
	13.Jaral	CP
8. Seraj (25)	1.Bagachanogi	BB
(BB)	2.Bagrathach	BB
	3.Baryogi	BB
	4.Bhatkidhar	BB
	5.Cheuni	BB
	6.Chhatri	BB
	7.Gatu	BB
	8.Gudah	BB
	9.Janjehli	BB
	10.Kakradhar	BB
	11.Kalhani	BB
	12.SunahLamathach	BB
	13.Rod	BB
	14.Shikawari 15.Shilibagi 16.Thana 17.Thunag	BB BB BB BB

		18.Tungadhar	BB
		19.Pukhrair(Rela)	BB
		20.DheemKataru	BB
		21.Jherer	BB
		22.Jaishla	BB
			BB
		23.Bung	
		24.Dhar (DharJarol)	BB
	0 D I' 1 1' (24)	25.Bahal (Bahalidhar)	BB
	9. Balichowki (34)	1.Kota Dhar	BB
	(BB)	2.KotDhalyaas	BB
		3.Farsh	BB
		4.Naau	BB
		5.Nagwain	BB
		6.Jhiri	BB
		7.Bhatwari	BB
		8.Kigas	BB
		9.Takoli	BB
		10.ChehtiGarh	BB
		11.Pali	BB
		12.Aut	BB
		13.Bandhi	BB
		14.Kathiari	BB
		15.Balichowki	BB
		16.Bhanwas	BB
		17.Ghat	BB
		18.Khalwahan	BB
		19.Khani	BB
		20.KholaNaal	BB
		21.Nalwagi	BB
		22.Panjai	BB
		23.Somgad	BB
		24.ThachaDhar	BB
		25.Thachi	BB
		26.ThataGhanyar	BB
		27.Mani	BB
		28.Dev Dhar	BB
		29. Murah	BB
		30. Kuklah	BB
		31. Kashod	BB
		32. Kau	BB
		33.Khouli	BB
		34.Bung (Jahalgad)	BB
7. Shimla (88)	1. Rampur (14)	1.Darkali	СР
		2.Kashapat	CP

	3.Kinnu	CP
	4.Munish	CP
	5.Deothi	CP
	6.Dansa	CP
	7.Kuhal	CP
	8.Koot	CP
	9.ChandiBranda	CP
	10.Phancha	CP
	11.LabanaSadana	CP
	12.Sarpara	СР
	13. Kayao	CP
	14 Lalsa	СР
2. Nankhari (3)	1.Tipper (Majholi)	DP
	2. Kuleda (Majoothi)	DP
	3. Khamadi	DP
3.Narkanda (2)	1.Kothighat	DP
on within (2)	2.Jadoon	DP
4.Basantpur (6)	1.Himri	DP
in Dustaire pair (0)	2.Dharogra	DP
	3.Chanaog	DP
	4.Nehera	DP
	5.Ogali	DP
	6.Bag	DP
5.Theog (4)	1.Mundu	DP
3.1 neog (4)	2.Nahol	DP
	3.Deothi	DP
	4.Barog	DP
6. Jubbal–Kotkhai(2)	1.Giltari	DP
0. Jubbai–Rotkiiai(2)	2.Jhalta	DP
7. Chopal (7)	1.Tikri	CP
7. Chopai (7)	2.Kiran	CP
	3.Pauria	CP
	4.Manu	CP
	5.Dhanat	CP
	6.Tailor	CP
		CP
9 Doban (5)	7.Bohar	
8. Rohru (5)	1.Hanstari	CP
	2.Pujarli-III	CP
	3.Kadiyun	CP
	4.Kuthari	CP
0.611.1 (24)	5.Khangtari	CP
9.Chhohara (31)	1.Chirgoan	BB
(BB)	2.Dhagoli	BB
	3.Dhakgoan	BB
	4.Diswani	BB
	5.Dodra	BB

	I		
0.511 HIVUI (20)		4. Bhajaund	CP
		3.Bhareri	CP
	8 (==)	2.Bhallona	СР
3.Sirmour(26)	1.Sangrah (14)	1.Badol	СР
		14. Nera-Boura	BB
		13. Malat	BB
		12. Kulag	BB
		11. Dhotali	BB
		10. JuduShilal	BB
		9. Dharchadna	BB
		8.Babat	BB
		7.Jubli	BB
		6.Bhandal (Kaflah)	BB
		5.Bhalu	BB
		4. Kanda Banah	BB
(55)	, ,	3.Charoli	BB
	(BB)	2.Jokhar	BB
	10. Kupvi (14)	1.Majholi	BB
		31.Mayla (Deudi)	BB
		30.Dhandarwari	BB
		29.Jiskoon	BB
		28.Kulgaon	BB
		27. Bamfad	BB
		26.Masli	BB
		25.Tangnu-Janglikh	BB
		24.Todsa	BB
		23.Tikkri	BB
		22.Thana	BB
		20.Sindasii 21.Sunda-Bhanda	BB BB
		20.Sindasli	
		18.Saribasa 19.Sheeladesh	BB BB
		17.Rohal	BB
		16.Ranol	BB
		15.Pekha	BB
		14.Kawar	BB
		13.Khabal	BB
		12.Khashdhar	BB
		11.Kharshali	BB
		10.Kaloti	BB
		9.Jakha	BB
		8.Jangla	BB
		7.Gaonsari	BB
		6.Gawas	BB

		6. KufarKiayra	СР
		7.Gehal	CP
		8.KhudDrabal	СР
		9.KotiDhiman	СР
		10.Lana Chetta	СР
		11.Sangna	СР
		12.Satahan	СР
		13.Samara	СР
		14.SerTandula	СР
	2.Shillai (4)	1.Hallan	СР
		2.JarwaJuneli	СР
		3.Kota Pab	СР
		4.NayaPinjore	СР
	3.Paonta (8)	1.BharogBeneri	СР
		2.Haldwari	СР
		3.Palhori	СР
		4.KantiMashwa	СР
		5.Kathwar	СР
		6.Kodga	CP
		7.Shikoli	СР
		8.ThonthaJakhal	СР
9. Solan (3)	1. Dharmpur (1)	1.Nalka	DP
	2. Kunihar (2)	1.Kuher	DP
		2.Beral	DP
10. Una (3)	1.Bangana (3)	1.Amari Dhiraj	DP
		2.Platha	DP
		3.Sihana	DP